	Australia	Afghanistan	Bangladesh	Cambodia	China	DPRK	India	Indonesia	Myanmar	Nepal	Pakistan	PNG	Philippines	Sri Lanka	Thailand	Taiwan	Viet Nam
Infant Feeding Practices/Current Situation (outputs)																	
1. Low EBF rates in non-emergency times																	
2. High rates of bottle/formula feeding in non-emergency times																	
3. General perception that formula is as good as or better than breastmilk																	
4. MTCT of HIV an important cause of child mortality																	
Current IYCF/IFE Programme (inputs)																	
5. No national Code of Marketing or existing Code is not enforced																	
6. No government policy on IFE or policy is not implemented																	
7. Few government staffed trained on or knowledgeable about IFE																	
8. Few NGOs trained on or knowledgeable about IFE																	
9. Few lactation consultants during emergencies																	
10. Perception that women cannot breastfeeding during emergencies																	
11. Unsolicited donations of formula/milk powder received																	
12. Emergency food distributions do not contain suitable foods for CF																	
13. Emergency foods distributions often include formula or powdered milk																	
14. People in charge of emergency coordination do not prioritize IFE																	
15. NGOs operate independently of the national emergency response.																	
16. Rapid assessments seldom include information about IF																	
17. Poor understanding on indicators for IFE assessments																	
18. BF support services often not provided during emergencies																	
19. Emergency areas seldom have places suitable for women to BF																	
20. There are no systems to minimize risks of formula feeding																	